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[a145]

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E.C. Hongkong, 5th April, 1904. [a122]

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Hongkong, 6th May, 1903. [a218]

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Hongkong, 3rd December, 1903.

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[a33]

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THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

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Only communications relating to the news columns
should be addressed to the Editor.
Correspondents must forward their names and addresses with communications addressed to the Editor, not for publication, but as evidence of good faith.
All letters for publication should be written on one side of the paper only.

No anonymously signed communications that have already appeared in other papers will be inserted.
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BIRTHS.

On the 25th March, at the London Mission, Weichan, the wife of the Rev. A. H. Burden; of a son (ALBERT INNET).

On the 31st March, at Tientsin, the wife of A. H. WATTS, Engineering and Mining Co., Ltd., of a son.

On the 1st April, to the Rev. G. W. and Mrs. SHERRATT, at the Methodist Mission Compound, Ningpo, a son.

DEATH.

On the 31st March, at Tientsin, HAROLD VON MYERSON.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG OFFICE: 14, DESVaux ROAD, C.
LONDON OFFICE: 131, FLEET STREET, E.C.

HONGKONG, 13TH APRIL, 1904

AMONGST the some important stipulations embodied in the Protocol of September, 1901, were understood to be those clauses which provided for the improvement of the navigation of the approaches to Chinese ports open to foreign trade. For many years the condition of these approaches had become a crying scandal, so serious indeed that not only did foreign interests suffer, but the revenues of the Empire were injuriously affected. The school of statesmen to which belonged the late Li HUNG-CHANG saw, indeed, in these barriers a providential interference to preserve the isolation from foreign influences of China. The majority of Chinese statesmen merely looked on with calm indifference. China had got on very well with these impediments during the thousands of years covered by her history; surely this was self-evident proof that change was now superfluous. Meanwhile all the rest of the world was advancing; harbours elsewhere were being formed and enlarged, and accommodation for yet larger vessels everywhere provided. Under the stimulus thus given trade was everywhere growing in bulk, and nations once comparatively insignificant growing rich and important. China alone was standing still. Commerce, for its economical carrying on, annually

demanded larger ships; and to accommodate these harbour improvements were indispensably requisite, and a large portion of the revenues of the various states were regularly devoted to these improvements. China alone was content to see herself left in the background, with the result that her commerce was stagnating, and her importance amongst the nations rapidly disappearing. Nor was this all; the difference between China as she was, and China as she might be, was becoming so marked that the more covetous of the states were openly talking of dismemberment. China, they talked, had so mismanaged and wasted her resources that it was time that she should give way to more profitable nations. Such was the common language of the Continental Powers at the beginning of 1900; the events of the succeeding summer aggravated the situation. As the ruling powers at Peking were evidently bent on placing every possible obstacle in the way of foreign intercourse a special clause was introduced into the Protocol, providing for an improvement in the treaties already referring to the duties of the Chinese Government in regard to navigation. The three open ports of Tientsin, Shanghai, and Canton were more especially provided for. During the occupation of Tientsin the Provisional Government had already taken some steps towards the improvement of the Peiho River; a dredging plant had been obtained from Europe, and a good commencement had been made by works undertaken with the object of gradually removing some of the inconvenient and dangerous bends which had for some years had the effect of completely closing the river to steamer traffic between Tongku and the Bund at Tientsin. It was stipulated that the works thus begun should be carried on till all the obstructions possible were removed. With regard to Shanghai, the inadvisability of placing the local improvement works in the hands of a body having its headquarters at Peking was fully recognised, and an elaborate scheme on the model of that recently proposed for the Port of London, wherein all interests, native as well as foreign, were to be represented, was drawn up and finally approved. This was so far carried out that the elections under the scheme actually took place, and everything seemed ready for the actual inception of the undertaking. At Canton the requisite measures were left to be undertaken under the authority of the Maritime Customs, while at Tientsin the works undertaken by the Allied Commissioners, it was understood, would be continued and the port rendered accessible at all times for ingoing steamers.

It is curious to see how all these well-laid schemes have been permitted to pass out of recollection, and affairs to drift back into their old state. At Shanghai, as mentioned above, the election provided for was actually held, and the new body of Conservators met and elected a Chairman. With this vast amount of business performed, the Conservators adjourned, and nothing more has been heard of them from that day to this, while the condition of the approaches has been steadily going from bad to worse. In Tientsin a couple of useless bends had been removed by cutting passages through the narrow necks of intervening land, with the result that the fairway of the river, which for the past four years had been blocked to ascending steamers, was fairly well cleared, and for the last twelve months or so a steamer, once over the Taku Bar, has found no difficulty in reaching the Tientsin Bund. With that all further progress has been practically suspended. Two of the worst bends, the work on which had been actually commenced in the early part of the last summer have been allowed to lie without any further steps being taken, while the Taku Bar, the clearing of which is of the utmost importance to the trade of the place, has been entirely neglected, and this year is in a worse state than ever, the ordinary vessels trading with the port being as a rule delayed three and four days owing to the want of any defined channel through the flats, which during the whole of the month of March did not at even the highest tides carry more than nine feet of water, the average being less than eight. The dredgers, it is true, are there, but the old excuse is still paraded, that there are no funds available to set them to work. Still more unsatisfactory is the state of affairs on the Whangpoo. Here the board was actually elected. The constituents, as was natural, seeing that the vast majority of the trade is in British hands, preferred to elect a British representative. This, though there was no suspicion of unfair dealing, gave offence to the German representatives, who for some incomprehensible reason desired to hold the controlling influence in the Board. Then a personal alteration arose as to who was to be Chairman. The United States Consul

General had been elected in the manner provided in the constitution, but the Deputy Inspector-General conceived that his office entitled him to act as Chairman. It has been apparently found impractical to reconcile these two competing claims, and the unfriendly feeling displayed by the disappointed German element has intervened to prevent any adjustment of the difficulty. In Canton under the control of the Maritime Customs similarly nothing has been done. Thus the whole thing, which needed only a little good feeling and a genuine desire to set to work, has been wilfully shipwrecked on that biggest farce of modern time—the concord of the treaty Powers.

It is of course difficult or impossible to see any way out of the difficulty, but the result is important as showing how utterly the new doctrine of concord between the Powers has broken down when applied to any useful or practical end. In theory it has been held that each sovereign Power should have equal rights and equal say, and were each to really work for its own proper interests such a contention might, of course, work towards a practical end; but this is not the case. As a rule, the smaller Powers, having practically no interests to be affected, range themselves on one or other of the greater Powers, generally on the side of that which makes them the most reckless of promises. It needs little divination to perceive the inevitable result. Russia, and the circle of Powers whom she succeeds in bringing round her, scoff, of course, at anything not pointing to Russia's personal aggrandisement. Germany, ever ready, in her strange fascination, to help her neighbour over the stile, provided only that she can thereby administer a check to England, whom she curiously affects to believe is her natural antagonist, has become an adept in the art of obstruction, so that the United States and England, who control the lion's share of the trade, and are both sincerely anxious to see the conditions improved, in all cases when by this unnatural "concord" things come to a vote find themselves irretrievably left out in the cold. Such is the strange effect of the concord which was, according to the sanguine admirers, to promote a state of universal peace, but which has already laid the foundations of what must at no great lapse of time prove to be the bloodiest and most revolutionary of wars yet seen.

H.M.S. Leviathan is now at Weihaiwei and will probably remain two months. H.M.S. Fearless has gone to Chemulpo.

General Sir William Nicholson and Sir Ian Hamilton and their staff were to be received in audience by their Majesties the Emperor and Empress of Japan on the 6th inst.

Mr. P. Phillips, of Lofong, has taken the vacancy, in the Imperial Maritime Customs office in Hongkong, rendered vacant by the death of Mr. F. R. Spence. The charge of Lofong Station has been taken over by Mr. Winckel, of Taishan.

Of seven hundred Japanese who have been wintering on the island of Sakhalin, twenty escaped to Hokkaido on the 4th inst. in a fishing boat across Soya Strait, the N.C. Daily News reports. Others are following. Soya Strait divides the southern point of Sakhalin from the northern point of Hokkaido.

The U.S. Army officer likes to be comfortable. The latest courtesy shown by the general officers, whose only burden when on the march are field-glasses and cigar-cases, is to furnish the private with a telescope-bag in which to carry his personal effects on the march. The ordinary private thinks it would be more to the point to furnish himself with a piano-moving outfit.

The Superiress of the Italian Convent, in token of gratitude to the benevolent ladies and gentlemen for their valuable services so kindly undertaken on behalf of the orphans and invalids of the Convent at the *Al Fresco Fete*, wished to express her most hearty and sincere thanks for their charity shown on that occasion. She wished also to tender her warm thanks to the public who have so generously assisted this charitable aim, as well as to Colonel Birdwood and the officers for allowing their excellent band to play on the occasion, and for the kindness of the Star Ferry Co. in giving the launch free for the transport of the band.

Owing to the similarity of the China Merchants' S. N. Co.'s house flag to the Japanese Merchant flag—that of the C. M. S. N. Co. is a red flag with a yellow ball in the centre, while that of the latter is a white flag with a red ball in the centre—it has been decided by the Chinese Ministry of Commerce to make the following changes:—The China Merchants' flag will in the future be the usual square red flag with a yellow ball in the centre, but with the addition of two black dragons facing each other in the middle of the yellow ball (designated by the Chinese "Yellow Moon"). The foregoing flag is intended to distinguish the vessels of the China Merchants' S. N. Co. from Chinese trading vessels belonging to other owners who in the future are to fly a similar flag (red, with a yellow ball in the centre), but with only a single black dragon inside the yellow ball.

Viceroy Yuan Shikai is very anxious to start a Red Cross Society in China, and the necessary regulations are to be drawn up shortly by Prince Ching, it is said.

The cases of communicable disease reported in the Colony last week were—Plague 3 (Chinese), all fatal; enteric fever 1 (Chinese); small-pox 7 (5 Chinese, 1 European, 1 Filipino); 5 fatal.

A flour having bananas as its base, and called bananine, is being manufactured in London. Bread is made from it in the usual way, and the taste is said not to differ much from that of ordinary bread.

We are requested to state that the entries for the forthcoming Gymkhana close to the Hon. Secretary of the Gymkhana Club at 6 p.m. to-day at the Hongkong Club. The programme of races will be found in our advertisement columns.

Viceroy Yuan Shikai has recently presented to the Emperor and the Empress Dowager eight sumptuously fitted motor-cars, painted and upholstered in the Imperial yellow, elaborately carved, and heavily gilded. Two are larger than the others and they are of course for the use of the Emperor and the Empress Dowager, while the Empress and Imperial concubines have the smaller ones.

The N.C. Daily News has the following:—
"Sunday School Teacher—Where do bad people go? Pupil (who has studied Police Court reports)—To Hongkong." This is a joke for Shanghai, but none for us. How long are the local authorities going to remain apathetic in the matter? There is no reason whatever why we should tolerate this imposition, not being the dust-bin of the Far East.

Mr. F. S. A. Bourne, Assistant Judge, H.B.M. Supreme Court, Shanghai, having gone home on a holiday, Mr. J. C. E. Douglas is taking up the duties of Acting Assistant Judge, and Mr. H. Phillips, lately Vice-Consul at Tientsin, takes Mr. Douglas' duties as Registrar, Police Magistrate, and Coroner. Mr. Bertram Giles, Assessor of the Mixed Court, is going to Canton as Vice-Consul, as we have already announced.

Mr. Sugimura, Japanese *Chargé d'Affaires* at Mexico, reports to his Home Government that a strong protest, which he had preferred against the quarantine regulation specially enacted for the vessels and passengers arriving from the ports in Japan and China, was paid due attention by the Mexican authorities, and that vessels and passengers from Japan have now been made free from the control of the special quarantine regulation in that country.

In its Easter cricket matches Singapore beat Perak by an innings and 196 runs (316 against 59 and 59) and Penang by 72 (127 and 85 against 70 and 70). R. T. Reid and W. Dunman put over a 100 before the first wicket fell in the Perak match. H. W. Noon's bowling was most successful in both games, as he secured 13 wickets for 55 runs; Carver took 10 for 76, also for Singapore. C. G. May's batting was the most consistent, his scores being 77, 31, and 15.

The Chinese Boards of Revenue, War, and Commerce are drawing up a joint memorial to the Throne recommending the abolition of the old Courier Post Department and the handing over of the transmission of all Government and official despatches throughout the Empire to the Chinese Imperial Post established by Sir Robert Hart. The funds hitherto paid out for the support of the old Courier Post are recommended by the memorialists to be handed over to Sir Robert Hart for the extension of the new Postal Department in order to meet the requirements of the case.

Will it ever be necessary to introduce wooden blocks between our electric tram rails instead of cement? Judging by appearances some think it will; the cement seems to wear easily and break off at the side of the rails. A conference was recently held at Manila between the City Fathers and the railroad magnates regarding the streets of that city. The company now agrees to pave with wooden blocks, for the space between its rails and for eighteen inches on either side of the tracks, whenever the city shall pave the remaining breadth of the streets, the Escalante, Calle Rosario, Calle San Fernando, the Plaza Binondo, the Plaza Moraga, the Plaza Goiti, Calle Carriero and Calle Echague. Anything is better than Manila's out-of-date cobble-stones, which make driving through the streets almost unbearable.

The False Statements (Companies) Bill which we recently stated has been introduced into Parliament in conformity with the promise given by Mr. Balfour last Session, when the London and Globe case was under discussion in the House of Commons, proposed to extend the liability for false statements to every responsible official in the employment of, or connected with, a company; and imposes a penalty, on conviction, of imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years, or, in the discretion of the Court, to a fine not exceeding five hundred pounds. Further—and this is the most important feature—it is sufficient to constitute the offence that a director, or other official, should wilfully publish, or concur in publishing, a written statement or account, relating to the financial affairs or property of the company, which he knows to be false. Thus, when the Bill becomes law, it will no longer be necessary to prove that the false statements were made with the intent to deceive or defraud; it will be sufficient to show that they were false, and were published wilfully.

WEATHER REPORT.

The Hongkong Observatory yesterday issued the following report:—
On the 12th at 11.52 a.m. The barometer has risen slightly in the Yangtze valley and fallen in South China and the Philippines. The maximum pressure appears to be over N. China, and it is relatively low in the Philippines. Gradients are slight on the China Coast, and moderate over the China Sea; light N.E. winds will prevail in the Formosa Channel and moderate N.E. winds in the China Sea. Forecast:—Moderate N.E. winds fine.

TELEGRAMS.

REUTER'S SERVICE.

THE ANGLO-FRENCH AGREEMENT.

LONDON, 10th April.

The Anglo-French agreements are very generally approved of in Great Britain and France. The London Press, with the exception of the *Morning Post*, congratulates the Government on what it describes as the most satisfactory diplomatic incident recorded for centuries.

LATER.

The German Press regards the Anglo-French agreement with an unfriendly eye. The Italian Press rejoices at it.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, 10th April. The death of Isabella, ex-Queen of Spain, is announced.

GERMAN SOUTH-WEST AFRICA.

LONDON, 10th April.

The German forces in South-West Africa have had a severe but successful encounter with the Hereros. The Germans had 31 men and 1 officer killed, and 15 men and 1 officer wounded; the Hereros, 92 men killed.

THE RUSSIAN NAVY.

LONDON, 10th April.

Captain Grigorovitch, in command of the *Tearewitch*, has been promoted to the rank of Rear-Admiral for gallantry in presence of the enemy, and has also been appointed Commandant of Port Arthur.

AUSTRIA AND ITALY.

LONDON, 10th April.

The Austrian and Italian Ministers have conferred for several hours at Abbazia.

THE KAISER'S TOUR.

LONDON, 10th April.

The Kaiser has landed at Malta.

THE ANGLO-AMERICAN TROUBADOURS.

Last night the Theatre Royal, City Hall, was again the scene of a vaudeville entertainment by Mr. M. B. Leavitt's clever company of "Anglo-American Troubadours."

Last night's audience was hardly worthy of the merits of the Company, and it is to be hoped that better houses will be seen to-night and during the rest of the season—which is only a short one. Last night the appreciation shown by those who visited the Theatre was evidently sincere, and recalls were frequent throughout. In the first half of the programme the best items were distinctly Mr. J. V. Loggall, who, with a warmer reception, would certainly have done himself more justice, and Miss Violet Chard's dancing. In the second part of the programme the exhibition of thought-reading was decidedly the best we have seen away from home.

Professor Zancig, of the Troubadours Company, will give a demonstration on Thursday evening, selecting subjects from the audience. On Friday evening he will hypnotise a subject for a period of 24 hours, to be placed, while in this state, in the window of Messrs. Ullman and Co., Queen's Road.

All Russia's energies are not monopolised by the war. A scientific expedition, organised by the Russian Ministry of Finance, was to leave for Abyssinia last month. The expedition, which has been fitted out at the request of the Emperor Menelik, will be under the leadership of M. Kournakoff, mining engineer, and its object will be to explore the aiferous districts near the source of the White Nile. Another Russian expedition will proceed to Persia to survey the means of communication between Teheran and Bushire from the standpoint of the transport of merchandise.

Arriving in San Francisco at the end of February on his way to the scene of hostilities, Mr. Richard Harding Davis, the American war correspondent, who is now representing *Collier's Weekly*, was of course interviewed. He believed that he would reach Japan in time to be with the first correspondents starting for the front; he was not far wrong in this. He had something to communicate about his own sympathies. "So far as I am personally concerned," he said, "I have made up my mind to go to the Orient with no feelings for or against either side. I got into trouble in South Africa on account of my sympathy for the Boers, and I have formed the opinion that it is the duty of a war correspondent to take an unprejudiced view of things and report merely what happens."

WEATHER IN MANCHURIA.

SONS OF THE SEA.

[FROM A CORRESPONDENT.]

Sometimes there is a whole world of unsuspected significance behind the most casual communiques. For instance, the unique Inland Sea of Japan, studded with thousands of little islands, is the home of myriads of boats and boatmen. It is almost impossible to find a piece of water in or near Japan without finding white sails dotted plentifully over it. The Japanese artist, who can seldom get his imagination to carry him beyond the realm of things he sees and knows, never depicts a featureless sea. Be it sunrise or sunset, moonlight or silver-gray mist, calm or storm, fjord or lake or rolling ocean, every piece of water has its sampans or junks, and sailor-men born.

The world at large knows this, to weariness perhaps, for one may live of Japanese screens and "the invariable white sails on the horizon." But the world seldom thinks that Japan probably excels all nations in sea population. That is a big thing to say. "Little Japan"—to lead the big Powers? To boat them hollow, to stand far in front of all the world?

precise figures are not obtainable in any country, for "sea-going population" is a variable quantity. There are men who spend their lives in boats yet never get out of rivers and harbours. There are men who go to sea at times and at other times get shore employment. There are several other factors to consider, rendering any statistics open to challenge. So the comparison can only be approximate, and the deductions only general.

There are probably no seas in the world so crowded with fishing boats as the Japanese waters. The whole nation, over forty millions, subsists on a fish-and-rice diet; probably no nation in the world eats as much sea-fish. The Chinese have also large numbers of sea-junks, along the coast from the Yangtze southward, but their total salt water population cannot compare with that of Japan; while North China and Corean waters are remarkably desolate by contrast.

There are great numbers of small craft to be seen in the Mediterranean, and along the coasts of the British Isles, and northern European countries, but nowhere do they appear in such countless swarms as off the coasts of Japan, not only in the Inland Sea, but out on the mighty Pacific, the misnamed ocean of terrific typhoons. Japanese trading schooners, and fishing and whaling craft of the bigger and bolder types, range from the Behring Sea, Kamchatka, and the Aleutian Islands, Alaska, and Vancouver, down to the Thursday Island pearl-ground, the palm-fringed coral islands of the cannibal Kanaka tribes, the Solomons, the Friendlies, the Marquesas, Fiji, and Tahiti, the Carolines, and the Great Barrier Reef. Not in their thousands, at these remote places, but if over a longsome group of islets, out of the world entirely, have but one little trading schooner to visit them once in a year, it is an even chance that that one boat is a Japanese. And of the whalers, sealers, pearlbers, smugglers, "black-birders" or quasi-slavers, even pirates, roaming about the myriad islands of Melanesia and Polynesia, under captains of European blood, the crews are usually composed of a few Japanese and a mixture of all sorts.

Really I think it is out of the question to estimate the numbers of these Oriental Vikings; I do not suppose anyone in Japan knows. As a tangible factor in the present war the material aspect in the Pacific archipelagos may not have any direct value at all. But as an indication of the spirit of the Japanese race, and the character of the opposition Russia is likely to meet, the vast Pacific Ocean certainly tells a tale. It is almost the tale of our British Howards, Drakes, Frobishers, Grevilles, Raleighs; as they were found in every corner of the north and south Atlantic, the Japanese are in every corner of the Pacific. There are some differences; I will not try to press the parallel too far, but so far as Russia is concerned there is only too much truth in it. For Russia has practically no "sons of the sea." Her Baltic sailors are mostly Finns and Swedes, good sturdy fellows, but utterly lacking in "go." Her Black Sea sailors are Crimeans and Levantine ruffriff. Her Pacific sailors are almost non-existent. She has a good length of Pacific coastline, peopled by half-Eskimo tribes, and the only fishing that is done in these waters is done by Japanese. The Russians proclaim laws to exclude them as Spain made laws to exclude British ships from trading with Spanish America; and the Japanese incessantly poach, smuggle, trespass, pirate, fight, and do everything in Russian waters that Englishmen did in Spanish 500 years ago. Only the Government of Japan, being of the Twentieth Century, disapproves, and prevents such misconduct when it can. But Russia has no maritime population out here. There is no sea spirit in Russia. She spends money freely, trying to force some sort of maritime growth; but her people do not take to it. It is as hopeless as if a duck hatched a lot of pheasant eggs and tried to teach the chicks to swim. Nature is not a mere garment, to be put on or taken off, to be scissored and sewn and trimmed at will. Russia crying ceaselessly for ice-free ports, access to open water, merchant marine expansion, and naval power, is a great overgrown baby crying for the moon.

The Japanese, even those who are not sailors by profession, are familiar with the idea of braving the sea in all its moods; danger is to them a thing to play with, to laugh at, to glory in; if Death claims his own, every now and then—well, that is part of the game. Centuries of the Samurai regime, and familiarity with the swift "swish" of the two-handed sword, generation after generation, gradually eliminated from the Japanese race all regard for the value of life, all notion of the terror of death. Death is to these people a much lighter matter than

many of the troubles of life. In fact, death is nothing to them. A Japanese, standing carelessly on a railway crossing, may be just dragged aside in time to avoid a train by an inch; he laughs hugely. It is the biggest joke he has come across for a long time! This utter callousness often angers the foreigner greatly. But it has a real value, at the right time and place. It is the foundation stone of intrepidity. It is this, and this alone, that makes a race of men defy the sea and conquer it, as none have done except the Anglo-Saxons and Japanese; and who does that, can conquer all.

NOTES FROM THE BOTANIC GARDENS.

Perhaps the most attractive part of the New Gardens is the upper terrace. Here on the warmest days in summer the refreshing breeze from Victoria Gap seldom fails. From the shady seats among the palms charming views of the harbour can be seen, and behind it Tsimshau. Here, too, in consequence of the comparative retirement of the spot, birds and butterflies are at their best. Just now flocks of small wrens can be seen on any fine morning busily engaged upon the scarlet *Erythrina* flowers. What the little creatures find there to occupy them so closely it is hard at first to say. Upon close inspection they appear to be pecking small holes in the base of each flower. This is probably to obtain the honey that abounds there; no insects could be found in any of the flowers examined.

Looking down through the trees one can still see the wonderfully vivid masses of red Azaleas, which the skill of the makers of the garden has provided in a continuous succession of flowerings from week to week.

The shrubs and trees above the path likewise deserve their share of attention. The curious *Javan Osteos paniculata* is just about to expand its flowers which hang in numberless festoons from the bare part of the branches behind the leaves. *Gardenia globosa*, a South African shrub, now covered with large flowers, grows a little further along, with a species of *Stenocarpus*, also in full flower, near by.

SUPREME COURT.

Tuesday, 12th April.

IN ORIGINAL JURISDICTION.

BEFORE HIS HONOUR SIR WILLIAM M. GOODMAN (CHIEF JUSTICE).

The hearing was continued in the cross-action by Cheung Kam Tin against C. Ewens, solicitor, for \$94,382.04, being the difference between the value of 1,800,000 square feet of land and 100,472 square feet of land at 5½ cents per square foot with costs of \$908 paid to the defendant as plaintiff's solicitor.

Hon. H. E. Pollock, K.C. (instructed by Mr. G. Hall Bruton, solicitor, appeared for the plaintiff, and Mr. E. H. Sharp, K.C. (instructed by Mr. R. Harding, of Messrs. Ewens and Harston, solicitors, acting under power of attorney from Mr. J. Scott Harston), represented the defendant.

The hearing of the case lasted all day, and in the evening an adjournment was made.

POLICE COURT.

Tuesday, 12th April.

BEFORE MR. H. H. J. GOMPERTZ (ACTING POLICE MAGISTRATE).

ALLEGED ARSON.

A Chinaman was charged with arson in connection with the fire at No. 138, Wellington Street on Saturday. It is said that he was employed as a watchman at the house in question, but after the fire took place was not to be seen. Next day he went to work repairing shoes in the street, and he was arrested. The case was remanded till Saturday; bail in the sum of \$750 allowed.

A YOUNG VAGRANT.

A youth of 19 years of age, a vagrant, during the night climbed over a six-foot fence into Spring Gardens Arsenal, where he was arrested. He pleaded guilty, and, in answer to an information, said he had come here half a moon ago. After three months he will be banished.

BEFORE MR. J. H. KEMP (SECOND POLICE MAGISTRATE).

A PAWNBROKER FINED.

A Chinaman was charged by P. S. O'Sullivan with unlawfully neglecting to paint his name in English and Chinese over his three pawnshops. He was fined \$15 for each count.

SEVERELY WOUNDED.

A Chinaman who had had an eye knocked out in an opium-divan brawl appeared as complainant against the man with whom he fought. Defendant was sentenced to six months' hard labour.

ALLEGED MURDER.

Abdul Kaliek, an Indian, again appeared before Mr. Kemp in connection with the murder of an Indian watchman near Canton, and the case was once more remanded. Mr. A. J. Major, of His Britannic Majesty's Consulate at Canton, handed the magistrate papers in connection with the case, and an Indian gave evidence as to the man's identity.

BEWARE of the party offering Imitations of Macniven & Cameron's Pens "They come as a boon and a blessing to men, The Pickwick, the Owl, and the Waverley Pen." Sold at all Stationers.

MACNIVEN & CAMERON, LTD., Waverley Works Edinburgh. [402-3]

CORRESPONDENCE.

MEDIocre SCHOOLBOYS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "DAILY PRESS."

Hongkong, 11th April.

SIR.—Apropos of the remarks of Mr. Shawan as to the class of examination required to be passed by candidates for the China Colonial Service, I enclose you a few questions taken at random from last year's paper:

"Write an essay on one of the following subjects:—The authority of conventional form and methods in imaginative Art; or, Centralisation as illustrated by the history of England and France; or, No man was ever written down but by himself; or, Numerical precision is the soul of science."

"Give clearly and fully Rousseau's argument in favour of the inalienable sovereignty of the people, together with the answer of either Burke or Comte. Was Rousseau's doctrine compatible with the establishment of the Napoleonic Empire in France?"

"Write a Latin essay on the theory of Polybius that in the Roman Republican constitution Monarchy, Aristocracy, and Democracy were evenly mingled; or, The pessimistic spirit in the Roman literature of the early Empire."

"In two or three short paragraphs, write on the following points in the policy and administration of Claudius."

"Note with the aid of a map the political changes in the Balkan Peninsula after 1815."

"Contrast the Cyrenaic and Epicurean conception of happiness, and explain the reasons for the antagonism of Plato and Aristotle to the Cyrenaic doctrine."

"Critically compare Berkeley's doctrine concerning the nature of space with that of (a) Kant or (b) Spinoza."

"These are only a few of the questions on a few of the subjects of the examination, and although there may be a question as to their practical utility for Colonial Civil servants, there can, I think, be no doubt that they could not be answered by Mr. Shawan's 'mediocre schoolboys.'—Yours, obediently,

AN ORDINARY LAYMAN.

SHORTHAND.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "DAILY PRESS."

Hongkong, 11th April.

SIR.—Your correspondent "Pitmanite" quotes the *Phonetic Journal* and the so-called Managing Proprietor of the *Bombay Shorthand and Typewriting Co.* Now, I will quote a letter from this identical native Indian, who wrote to me a letter which I have in Hongkong. "Your 'Up-to-date' Shorthand is much superior to Pitman's, as it is a combination of that and other systems in vogue; many of my students would be glad to learn your system under my hands."

I refused to license this native Indian, to teach. Then he got together three pupils of mine, known to me as "can't do it" kind of boys, who invented the statements referred to in the *Phonetic Journal*. I have in this town all the printed matter referred to, and Pitman's of London are now in possession of the facts. Let all correspondents give their own opinion and state their name and address and not sign as "X Y Z" "Pitmanite," "Phonographer," "Paterno Row," &c. These letters may be from 1, 2, or 3 men; but, whether he, she, or they may be, they don't know what they are writing about. I repeat that parents are cruel and most unwise, and the pupils themselves are idiots, who take up a 68 year old system, which is known to take years to master, whereas the "Up-to-date" may be learned in from 6 to 12 weeks at 1/10th the cost. We never read in the *Phonetic Journal* about the American systems which for years have been known to be superior to Pitman's. I frankly admit that the 7 inventors of the "Up-to-date" shorthand have accepted, copied, stolen, borrowed, or any term you like, all the good features from over 40 systems, and have rejected the bad. We have very little of Pitman's, as we found it so obsolete. To wind up this controversy I am willing to stake a thousand dollars or any smaller amount and the winning pupils to have one-half such sum, viz. for 6 "Up-to-date" shorthand pupils with 6 weeks' teaching to have a public contest on a speech or sermon, new matter, with 6 Pitman students of 6 months' teaching. I await further correspondence.—I am, Sir, &c.

WARWICK PEELE.

of the truth," but he maligns lady pupils of this studio, who have done this speed in a fortnight; and an apology should be given. He may come and test the ladies in question, but I warn him to bring his mother with him.—I am, Sir, &c,

WARWICK PEELE.

THE BRITISH ESTIMATES.

The Times gives a rough statement of the total expenditure for the next financial year on the basis of the Estimates, taking the Consolidated Fund Charges as they were for 1903-4. For the new financial year the Army is taken at £28,900,000, including £70,000 for the Ordnance Factories, against £26,045,000 for 1903-4, if we include the supplementary estimate for £2,700,000 just asked for. As Mr. Arnold-Forster has explained, this estimate for 1904-5 is very far from being complete, as the probable cost of the Somaliland expedition is not given. The Navy takes £36,889,500, against £35,727,500 in 1903-4, including a supplementary estimate for £1,270,000. The Civil Service is taken at £27,983,920, against £27,203,641 in 1903-4, including a supplementary estimate for £286,277. The Revenue Departments require £18,806,647, against £18,517,220. The total estimate for Supply Services in 1904-5 is thus £12,580,067, against £118,396,366 for the year now nearly ended, including £4,236,277 of supplementary estimates. If we take the Consolidated Fund Charges and the Payments to Local Taxation Accounts at the same figures as for 1903-4 we get a total expenditure in 1904-5, including the above-mentioned supplementary estimates, of £148,442,277. The revenue for the year that ended on March 31 was estimated at £144,270,000, but there was no likelihood of this sum being realised. Probably there will be a deficiency of at least £2,000,000, so that the actual receipts of the current year will not be more than £142,250,000. On this basis, the contemplated expenditure for 1904-5 would be only about £120,000 in excess of the revenue, but it is very doubtful whether the Chancellor of the Exchequer will find it possible to take the Estimates for the next twelve months on as high a scale as this. The income-tax, at any rate, cannot be expected to produce as much as in 1903-4, because the arrears will be collected at 11d. and not 1d. Customs, Excise, and Stamps do not seem likely to yield as much in 1904-5 as in the year now closing, especially as February, 1905, will contain only 28 days instead of 29. The immediate prospect for the taxpayer does not, therefore, appear very cheerful, and he will be fortunate if he escapes increased burdens.

SHIPPING NOTES.

WEATHER OUTSIDE.

Yesterday it was southwesterly winds, clear, and smooth sea was reported from Gap Rock; Cape Dagul reported light northerly winds, foggy and smooth sea in forenoon, overcast in the afternoon. The P. & O. s.s. *Mutareca*, both of which arrived endowments of £8,000 a year, and was attended by 162 University students and 66 other hearers. None of these paid fees. In France there were 14 professors, five assistant professors and five native teachers, a library of 35,000 volumes and a valuable collection of MSS. The French also had an institution in Cochin China. In S. Petersburg Oriental learning was more recognised than perhaps anywhere else. The harvest in this field was great, but the labourers were few. There were possibilities for the student in Oriental studies of discoveries parallel to those which entreated the scholars of the Renaissance; any day fresh MSS. or insights might be disclosed to throw an unexpected light on prehistoric times. Nor should the practical and commercial aspects be disregarded—and in this Austria was making great efforts; but the man of business would make his labours more fruitful and find his intellectual interests stimulated if a scientific training were added to modern colloquial instruction.

CARDIFF COAL.

The steamers *Trader* and *Queen Louise* arrived from Cardiff yesterday. The former has 4,700 tons of coal for the *Mitsui Bussan Kaisha*, the latter 4,000 tons for *Messrs. Dodwell & Co.*

THE AMPHO.

A vessel with a history is the *Ampho*, a frequent visitor to Hongkong. She was formerly the *Esmeralda* and was on the Manila-Hongkong run until about two years ago. This is the steamer which, it was said, piloted Dewey's fleet into the harbour in 1898. The vessel was at that time commanded by Captain Taylor, a seasoned skipper, who had traded between this port and Hongkong for many years in the vessels of the China-Manila Steamship Company, and who knew every navigable inch of the bay.

SHANGHAI SHIPBUILDING.

In compliance with the contract let to a Shanghai firm last year, two gunboats for use on Lake Lanou are rapidly nearing completion in that city. The boats are being built in sections which will be put together on the lake. They will cost about \$10,000 each.

A VESSEL'S DESTINY.

The handsome steamship *Ye Anna*, designed as a Government transport to India, will, under its new name—the s.s. *Stevens*—carry Italian emigrants to New York. For months the *Ye Anna* lay idle in the Royal Albert Dock, while people, admiring the powerful steamship, wondered why she was not put to practical use. The vessel, which has a gross tonnage of 10,000, and a length of 510 feet between the perpendiculars, was built to the order of the British India Navigation Company to carry troops to India. She has been sold to the Cunard Steamship Company at a price believed to be considerably below her cost. It is suggested that certain details in the build of the ship were not suitable for the purposes for which she was originally intended.

LOSS OF THE "CAMBODGE."

Home papers bring details about the loss last month of the French s.s. *Cambodge* in a typhoon off Cape S. Jacques, four miles from Cawndu Lighthouse, Cochin China. About 100 lives were lost. The *Cambodge* had 100 native passengers on board, including twenty-four women and children, as well as fifteen soldiers and twenty-nine convicts. The crew consisted of natives and French officers. The captain was on the bridge when a terrific sea struck the ship, deranging her aft, and sinking her to the spar deck, on which all the passengers had taken refuge. Most were quickly swept into the sea and drowned, but the rest managed to climb into the rigging, where they clung for four or five hours. Early the next morning the steamer *Namhang* lay in sight, and in spite of the heavy sea that was running succeeded in getting her boats alongside and rescuing the exhausted survivors. Among these were the captain of the *Cambodge*, Captain Benoit, and the chief engineer, and thirty-eight natives, including two women. The *Cambodge* sank in twenty-four feet of water, only her funnel and masts remaining visible.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Indo-China steamer *Laisang*, from Calcutta and the Straits, left Singapore for this port on the 11th inst., at 5 p.m.

The C.N. steamer

NOTICE.

Communications respecting Advertisements, Subscriptions, Printing, Binding, &c., should be addressed to the MANAGER.

Advertisements and Subscriptions which are not ordered for a fixed period will be continued until countermanded.

Orders for extra copies of DAILY PRESS should be sent in before 11 a.m. on day of publication; after that hour the supply is limited. Only supplied for Cash.

Telegraphic Address: PRESS, Codes: A.B.C., 5th Ed.

Licenses.

P.O. Box, 33. Telephone No. 12.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

SCHOOL TEACHER.

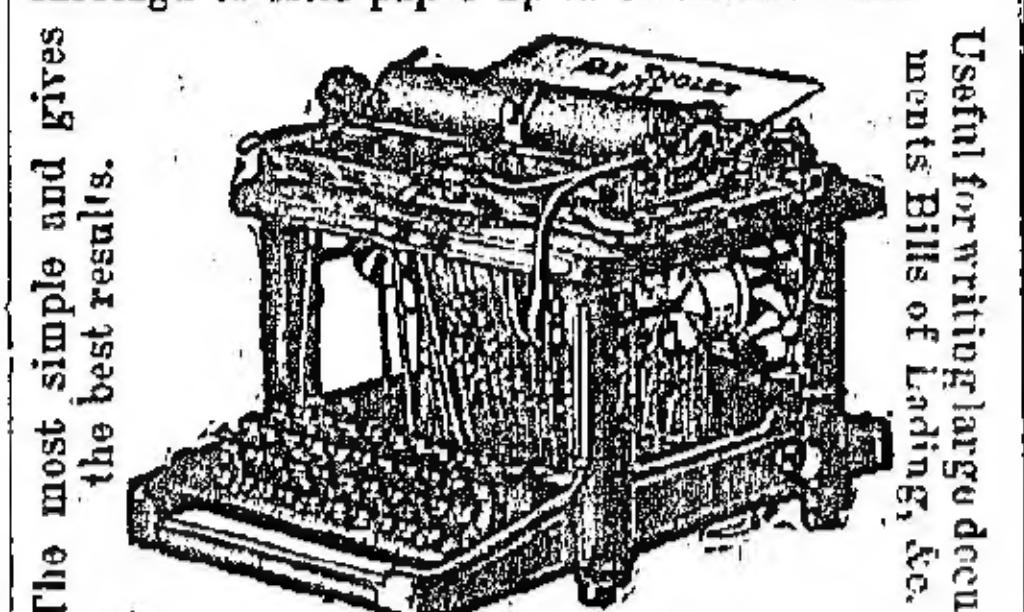
A N Englishman, now employed in a Japanese Government Middle School, wishes to obtain a position as ENGLISH TEACHER in any Chinese School at Hongkong or elsewhere.

Address— "K," Care of Daily Press Office, Hongkong, 13th April, 1904. [993]

FAY-SIOLES TYPEWRITER.

Model No. 7 Writes 86 Characters.

THE best and most complete Machine on the market, can be fitted with special carriage to take paper up to 16 inches wide.



The most simple and gives useful Bills of Lading, &c.

Agents for South China. W. BRINGER & CO., Hongkong, 13th April, 1904. [994]

WANTED.

A FURNISHED HOUSE at the Peak, for 12 months.

Apply to— BOX 123, Care of Daily Press Office, Hongkong, 7th April, 1904. [962]

WANTED.

A DVERTISER can strongly recommend an experienced MANAGER and ACCOUNTANT (British) for the Far East.

At present occupying a responsible position in Western Australia.

Apply to— F. C. C., Care of Daily Press Office, Hongkong, 8th April, 1904. [968]

LESSONS IN FRENCH.

NEW and easy method of learning French in a few months, mainly by conversation with a Frenchman. Terms very moderate.

Also Lessons in English by an English Lady.

B. R., Care of Office of this Paper, Hongkong, 16th May, 1903. [3148]

AMOY ENGINEERING CO., LTD., AMOY

CALL FLAG E.

R EPAIR WORK to Steamers and Launches. Castings in Brass and Iron Moderate charges. Work solicited.

J. D. EDWARDS, Manager, Amoy, 3rd December, 1903. [78]

CARTRIDGES.

IMPORTED EVERY MONTH, THEREFORE ALWAYS FRESH

ELEY'S, SCHULTEZ'S, AMBERITE and KYNOCK'S SPORTING CARTRIDGES 8, 10, 12, 14, and 20 BORE, and NEWCASTLE CHILLED SHOT in all Sizes, Nos. 10 to SSGC. AIR GUNS and AMMUNITION in Variety.

WM. SCHMIDT & CO., Hongkong, 28th November, 1902. [71]

THE TRADE MARKS ORDINANCE, 1898.

M R. A. G. WARD will give

APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION OF A TRADE MARK.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the WONG CHEUNG WA, of Fatshan, in the province of Kwang Tung, in the Empire of China, and of No. 22, Queen's Road, Victoria, in the Colony of Hongkong, have on the 16th January, 1904, applied for the registration in Hongkong in the Register of TRADE MARKS, of the following TRADE MARK, viz.—

The Chinese words "Ü I" written in English characters with a representation of the Chinese device, the double "Ü I" beneath it enclosed in an elliptical border of a castellated pattern.



in the name of the said WONG CHEUNG WA, who claims to be the sole proprietor thereof.

The TRADE MARK is intended to be used by the Applicant in respect of the following goods respectively, in the following classes respectively, viz.—

In class 3 in respect of Patent Medicines.

A Facsimile of such TRADE MARK can be seen at the Office of the Colonial Secretary of Hongkong.

Dated the 30th day of January, 1904.

JOHN HASTINGS, 528, Solicitor for Applicant.

MAIL TABLES FOR 1904.

Mounted on Card ... 30 cents
Paper ... 20 cents

On Sale at the Daily Press Office, Hongkong, 5th March, 1904.

AUCTION

THE Undersigned have been favoured with instructions to Sell by Public Auction,

TO-MORROW THURSDAY, 14th APRIL, 1904, at 3 P.M., for and on Account of the Concerned (About)

607 tons CARDIFF COAL now stored on

Marine Lot No. 50 Mong Kok Tsui.

The sale will take place on the Spot and a

Steam Launch will leave Blake Pier at 2.30 P.M. to convey intending purchasers.

TERMS:—Prompt Clearance.

HUGHES & HOUGH, Auctioneers.

Hongkong, 12th April, 1904. [987]

ENTERTAINMENT

THEATRE ROYAL.

CITY HALL.

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!! AND ALL THE WEEK.

SPECIAL MATINEE.

NEXT SATURDAY, 3 O'CLOCK. Arranged for Ladies and Children.

Continued Success of Mr. M. L. LEAVITT'S Elite Anglo-American

TROUBADOURS

CHANGE OF PROGRAMME TO-NIGHT. NEW SONGS. NEW FARCES. NEW DANCES. NEW NOVELTIES.

EXTRAORDINARY ATTRACTION.

TO-MORROW (THURSDAY NIGHT), PROF. ZANCIG,

will present his WONDERFUL DEMON-STRATIONS in HYPNOTISM

that has made him FAMOUS THROUGHOUT EUROPE and AMERICA.

The SUBJECTS will be SELECTED from the AUDIENCE.

On FRIDAY NIGHT, APRIL 15th, a STARTLING SENSATION.

PROF. ZANCIG will PUT A HYPNOTIZED SUBJECT

TO SLEEP for 24 HOURS.

He will then be placed on FREE EXHIBITION in the WINDOWS of J. ULLMAN & CO., JEWELLERS and DIAMOND MERCHANTS, QUEEN'S ROAD (opposite the Post Office), and will be AWAKENED in the City Hall on SATURDAY NIGHT.

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Booking at ROBINSON PIANO CO., LTD., Hongkong, 13th April, 1904. [950]

FOR A SHORT TIME ONLY.

Consult—PROF. J. ZANCIG—Consult.

A MERICANA Leading Hypnotist and Psychic, WAVERLEY HOTEL, Ice House Street, Hongkong.

FOR A FULL COMPLETE LIFE READING

See PROF. ZANCIG. He will advise you on all affairs in life regarding your Health, Business, Lawsuits, Marriage, Divorce, etc., etc.

PRIVATE SITTINGS FOR Ladies ... \$3 | Gentlemen ... \$5

Satisfactory Guarantee. No Questions Asked.

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TO THOSE INTERESTED

In Hypnotism, Clairvoyance and Magnetic Healing, I will say that I can teach you the above Branches in Three Lessons

BY HYPNOTIC SUGGESTION

You will be able to Develop Memory, cure all Nervous Diseases, Despondency, Melancholy, and Bad Habits.

Call and see me. No cure no pay.

Hongkong, 11th April, 1904. [980]

R.A.O.B.

KING EDWARD VII LODGE NO. 910. (GRAND LODGE OF ENGLAND).

THE Members of the above order are terminating their DANCE SEASON by Holding a Ball in the CITY HALL TOMORROW, the 14th APRIL. Tickets \$5.00 each. Gentlemen requiring tickets are requested to obtain them early, as they are limited, and can be had from Mr. J. H. OXBERRY, Hongkong Hotel, and Mr. J. J. BLAKE, Hon. Secretary R.A.O.B. Club.

Hongkong, 26th March, 1904. [885]

THE TRADE MARKS ORDINANCE, 1898.

M R. A. G. WARD will give

an ORGAN RECITAL, in

ST. JOHN'S CATHEDRAL,

on FRIDAY, APRIL 15th, at 5.15 P.M.

VOCALIST:—MRS. A. G. GORDON.

A Collection will be made in aid of the Organ Fund.

Hongkong, 9th April, 1904. [975]

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A Collection will be made in aid of the Organ Fund.

Hongkong, 9th April, 1904. [975]

MR. A. G. WARD will give

an ORGAN RECITAL, in

ST. JOHN'S CATHEDRAL,

on FRIDAY, APRIL 15th, at 5.15 P.M.

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VOCALIST:

ROBINSON PIANO Co. LTD.



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ON 11 UPRIGHT GRANDS
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TO MAKE ROOM FOR THE

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NEW

PIANO FACTORY

Cash or Credit.

Hongkong, 6th April, 1904.

[640]

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Messrs. W. BREWER & Co., Hongkong
and Shanghai;
YUEN CHONG HOON STORE, Swatow;
Messrs. A. S. WATSON & Co., Amoy;
Messrs. A. S. WATSON & Co., Foochow;
Messrs. H. BLOW & Co., Tientsin;
Messrs. HODGE & Co., "Seoul Press," Seoul;
"NAGASAKI PRESS" OFFICE, Nagasaki;
"KOB CHRONICLE" OFFICE, Kobe;
"DAILY PRESS" OFFICE, Hongkong, and a
the London Office; 131, Fleet Street.
Hongkong, 12th December, 1903.

DAVID CORSAK & SONS
MERCHANT NAVY
NAVY BOILED
LONG FLAX
RELIANCE CROWN
TARPAULING
AENHOLD, KARBERG & CO.
Sola Agents.

BOARD AND RESIDENCE

BOARD AND RESIDENCE.
M. R. S. GILLANDER S
"GLENWOOD,"
21, CAINE ROAD.
Hongkong, 18th March, 1904.

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and
"TOWER HOUSE," Kennedy Road.

EXCELLENT Tabla, Every home comfort.
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Mrs. G. SACHSE,
"St. George's House."
Hongkong, 17th March, 1903.

"TANG YUEN."
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and Accommodation.
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Macdonnell Road

FAIRALL & CO., Queen's Road
Hongkong, 2nd March, 1903.

BOARD AND RESIDENCE.

COMFORTABLY FURNISHED
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Hongkong, 1st January, 1903.

HONGKONG BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

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PHOTOGRAPHER

M. MUMBEYA, JAPANESE ARTIST.
Bromide and Crayon Enlargements and
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Views of China and Manila. Work
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"DAILY PRESS" OFFICE
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and Coal Merchants, Sole Agents for
Hartmann Rahtjen's Genuino Com-
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Navy Contractors, Ship Chandlers,
Provision and Coal Merchants, Sail-
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Vessels in the Harbour

KWONG SANG & CO.,
Shipchandlers, Sailmakers, Provisioners,
Coal Merchants, Hardware, Engineers'
Tools, Brass and Iron Merchants,
144, Des Vaux Road.

HONGKONG GYMKHANA
CLUB.

PROGRAMME

OF
THE FIRST MEETING
TO BE HELD AT THE HAPPY VALLEY,
ON
SATURDAY, 23rd APRIL, 1904.

4 p.m. 1. THE GRANTHAM CUP.—Presented by Hart Buck, Esq. For all subscription
griffins of any season that have never won an official race. Weight for inches as per scale.
Un-plated runners allowed 5 lbs.
Jockeys that have won an official race in Hongkong or China 2 lbs. extra; non-winning Jockeys allowed 5 lbs. Entrance 55.
5 Furlooms.

4.20 p.m. 2. THE EAST POINT CUP.—Presented by the Hon. C. W. Dickson. For all China Ponies weight for inches as per scale. Winners of an open race or open griffin race 5 lbs. extra; non-winning subscription griffins allowed 5 lbs. Jockeys penalties and allowances as per Race No. 1. Entrance 55. From the two mile post once round and in.

4.40 p.m. 3. THE "ICHIBAN" CUP.—Presented by G. C. C. Master, Esq. Hurdle race. For all China Ponies. Weight 11 stone. Jockeys penalties and allowances as per Race No. 1, but winners of a hurdle race or steeplechase on an off day at Shanghai or Hongkong to be treated as winning Jockeys. Entrance 55. From the grand stand, twice round and in.

5 p.m. 4. POLO PONY SCURRY.—For a Cup presented by the Club—Open to all bona fide polo ponies passed assent by the Committee of the Club. Catch weights not less than 11 stone. Best of three heats, to be run without dismounting, each from the distance post. Entrance 55.

5.25 p.m. 5. THE GYMKHANA CLUB CHALLENGE CUP.—Value 5.—(not less than \$200). For all China Ponies. Weight for inches as per scale. Penalties and allowances as per Race No. 1. To be won by the pony scoring most marks in the races for the Cup by the end of the Club's session, counting 4 for first, 2 for a second and 1 for a third. The benefit of marks already scored to pass with the pony on a sale. Any winner of the race to carry 5 lbs. extra for each win in subsequent starts for the Cup; penalties accumulate up to 15 lbs. Five to start or no race. Entrance 55 to go in the purchase of a memento to the winner of each race. One mile.

5.45 p.m. 6. THE "PRIMROSE" CUP.—Presented by J. H. Lewis, Esq. For all China Ponies that have won no flat race of any description since the 1st January 1904. Weight for inches as per scale. To be ridden by Jockeys that have not won an official race in Hongkong or China. Entrance 55. Half mile.

Entries (which must state the name, owner, colour, height and colour of pony entered, and be accompanied by the necessary fees) close to the Honorary Secretary at the Hongkong Club at 6 p.m. on Wednesday the 13th April, 1904.

The Committee reserve the right to declare off any race for which there are not at least five entries and three starters.

Attention is drawn to the rules of the Club providing that (a) No person shall be a member of the Club unless he is a member of the Hongkong Jockey Club; (b) All members of the Hongkong Jockey Club shall be eligible for election without ballot; and (c) No person unless he is a member of this Club shall be eligible to ride or run any pony at any Gymkhana meeting. Notice of intended membership should be sent to the undersigned.

F. B. DEACON,
Honorary Secretary and Treasurer.
Hongkong, 4th April 1904.

HIRANO WATER.
THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS.
PURE, SPARKLING, INVIGORATING

THE LEADING MINERAL WATER OF THE EAST
Bottled in Japan by H. E. REYNELL & CO.

BEWARE OF JAPANESE IMITATIONS.

F. BLACKHEAD & CO., AGENTS.
Hongkong, 31st July, 1903.

REINART PERE & FILS, REIMS
Established 1713,
CHAMPAGNE GROWERS AND
SHIPPIERS.

Ship only the Finest Quality
Extra Dry (Green Seal)

LAUTS, WEGENER & CO.,
Sole Agents.

Hongkong, 18th May, 1903.

LAT. TELEGRAMS.

[VIA CANADA.]

THE DISASTER TO BRITISH SUBMARINE.

Portsmouth, 18th March.
The British submarine boat, No. A1, was run down and sunk off the Nab Lightship to-day, by a Donald Currie Liner, and eleven persons were drowned, including Lieutenant Mansergh, the Senior Officer engaged in submarine work. The liner passed on and reported that she had struck a torpedo. At the time she was struck, the vessel was off the lightship engaged in manœuvres, and was lying in seven fathoms of water, awaiting the approach of a battleship. The boat was one of the newest of the fleet of submarine vessels, and was built from the latest models, but had always been a bad diver. She was inspected recently by both the King and the Prince of Wales.

Portsmouth, 18th March.
The name of the Donald Currie Liner which struck the submarine boat is the *Berwick Castle* from East London, South Africa. The loss of the boat was not known for some hours after the liner had reported to the manœuvring fleet that she had struck a torpedo. The officers of the liner say that they saw a glistening torpedo-like hull in the water, and it is supposed, therefore, that the submarine boat rose just before she was struck. The officers of the fleet did not suppose for the moment that the submarine boat had been struck, and continued operations, expecting that the vessel would reappear. Finally, a search was made, and the breaking of the waves revealed the presence of the ill-fated boat. There is no doubt that all the crew died in their steel tomb. It is presumed that the *Berwick Castle* in striking upset the trim of the boat, and spilled the gasoline in her tanks, rendering her helpless. The crew were battened down, and must have met a terrible fate from suffocation in the absence of air and owing to the fumes of the gasoline.

THE "DMITRI DONSKOI".
London, 17th March.
Answering a question in the House of Commons to-day regarding the movements of the Russian armoured cruiser *Dmitri Donskoii* in the Mediterranean, her searching of merchant vessels, etc., after returning at Suez, to his steps His Majesty's Government proposed to take to stop these operations. Mr. Balfour, while admitting the grave importance of the question, said he must have time to enquire into the facts before he would be able to give a complete answer.

RAILWAY DEVELOPMENT OF THE
PHILIPPINES.
Washington, 17th March.
Secretary Taft continued his discussion on Philippine matters to-day before the House Committee on Insular Affairs, concerning the Cooper Bill, which guarantees 4 per cent. on an investment of \$4,000,000 in railroads in the islands, the Secretary stated that he visited New York last week and had been assured by capitalists there that they would go into the enterprise if the United States Government would insure a certain income on the investment. If Congress wanted to build these roads, he said, the Commission undoubtedly would undertake it. His own views, however, were against this policy, on account of the complications, such as liability to employees, making an original investigation, and the result of this work is given in a report which Secretary Taft submitted to the Committee. A trunk line was suggested in the north of the Island of Luzon, and a line in the southern end. The projected road in the south of the island, Secretary Taft believed, would pay from the beginning, for a mileage of between 700 and 800 miles; \$25,000,000 or \$30,000,000 would be the cost. A 4 per cent. burden on the Philippine Treasury on this investment would be about \$1,000,000 a year. The Secretary believed that could be paid without hardship.

COLONIAL AGGRIEVEMENT.
Washington, 16th March.
The Colombian Legation here has been closed, and Dr. Thomas Horan, *Charge d'affaires*, will leave the United States for his former home in Medlin, in two or three weeks. Future communications between the Colombian Government and the State Department will be conducted through the Colombian Consul-General at New York. The closing of the Legation is the direct result of the secession of Panama and the negotiation of the Isthmian Canal Treaty.

It is thought that a considerable time will elapse before the Colombian Government again nominates a Minister to Washington, as the feeling in official circles at Bogota is still very bitter.

THE WESTERN ASSURANCE COMPANY OF TORONTO, CANADA.
INCORPORATED 1851.
Cash Secured ... 4625.719
Total Losses Paid ... 46,769.340

THE Undersigned having been appointed AGENTS for the above Company, are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE at current Rates.

HOLLAND-CHINA TRADING CO.
Hongkong, 26th November, 1903.

2160

UNION OF PARIS FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE Undersigned having been appointed AGENTS for the above Company are prepared to accept Risks against FIRE at current Rates.

SIEMSEN & CO.
Hongkong, 1st January, 1904.

[1]

AACHEN AND MUNICH FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF AIX-LA-CHAPELLE.

THE Undersigned having been appointed AGENTS for the above Company are prepared to accept Risks against FIRE at current Rates.

REUTER, BROCKELMANN & CO.
Agents,
Hongkong, 21st April, 1897.

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PHENIX FIRE OFFICE.

The Undersigned are now prepared to GRANT POLICIES of INSURANCE against FIRE at Current Rates.

DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & CO.
Agents for the Phenix Fire Office
Hongkong, 17th August, 1897.

[120]

THE WESTERN ASSURANCE COMPANY OF TORONTO, CANADA.

INCORPORATED 1851.

Cash Secured ... 4625.719

Total Losses Paid ... 46,769.340

THE Undersigned having been appointed AGENTS for the above Company, are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE at Current Rates.

WM. MEYERINK & CO.
Hongkong, 18th May, 1903.

[194]

NORTHERN ASSURANCE CO.

FIRE and LIFE.

ESTABLISHED 1836.

THE Undersigned are prepared to accept First Class Foreign and Chinese RISKS against FIRE at Current Rates.

Also to accept proposals for LIFE ASSURANCE. Prospects on application.

TURNER & CO.
Agents,
Hongkong, 23rd September, 1903.

[267]

THE WESTERN ASSURANCE COMPANY OF TORONTO AND LONDON.

INCORPORATED A.D. 1851.

MARINE BRANCH.

THE Undersigned having been appointed AGENTS for the above are prepared to accept risks at current rates.

ALEX. ROSS & CO.
Hongkong, 19th March, 1904.

[784]

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.

TOTAL FUNDS AT 31ST DECEMBER, 1902

£16,378,771.

I. AUTHORIZED CAPITAL... 25,000,000 0 0

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OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

REGULAR STEAM-SHIP SERVICES BETWEEN

HONGKONG, SOUTH CHINA COAST PORTS

AND FORMOSA.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG—

SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

FOR STEAMERS LEAVING

FOOCHOW, VIA SWATOW	"TRIUMPH"	WEDNESDAY, 13th
AND AMOY	"A. HANSEN"	April, at 10 A.M.
TAMSUL, VIA SWATOW	"M. STRUVE"	SUNDAY, 17th
AND AMOY	"T. BRANDT"	April, at 10 A.M.
ANPING, VIA SWATOW	"TRITOS"	WEDNESDAY, 20th
AND AMOY	"H. KRAFT"	April, at 10 A.M.
TAMSUL, VIA SWATOW	"FRITHJOF"	SUNDAY, 24th
AND AMOY	"H. A. HAALSEN"	April, at 10 A.M.

On account of the present state of political affairs, all the Company's new steamers have been requisitioned for transport service, and the above-named chartered steamers have been secured instead for maintenance of the Company's coastal services. As soon as the state of affairs permit, the Company will resume running with its specially designed new steamers. For Freight, Passage, and further information, apply at the Company's local Branch Office at No. 8, Des Voeux Road Central, Hongkong, 12th April, 1904.

T. ARIMA, Manager

[15]

HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE.
OSTASIATISCHER FRAUDT-DAMPFER DIENST.Taking cargo at through rates to ANTWERP, AMSTERDAM, ROTTERDAM, COPENHAGEN
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LEVANT, BLACK SEA and BALTIC PORTS, NORTH and SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

STEAMERS SAILING DATE.

BRISGAVIA	HAMBURG	On 14th April. Freight.
Capt. Schulte	(Calling at Singapore and Colombo)	
SUEVIA	HAVRE and HAMBURG	On 25th April. Freight.
Capt. von Döhren	(Calling at Singapore and Penang)	
ARTEMISIA	HAVRE and HAMBURG	On 8th May. Freight.
Capt. Grommeyer	(Calling at Singapore and Colombo)	
MARBURG	HAVRE and HAMBURG	On 17th May. Freight.
Capt. Stern	(Calling at Singapore and Penang)	
STRASSBURG	HAVRE and HAMBURG	On 31st May. Freight & Passengers.
Capt. Madsen	(Calling at Singapore and Colombo)	
SEGOVIA	HAVRE and HAMBURG	On 14th June. Freight.
Capt. Fock	(Calling at Singapore and Penang)	

For further particulars, apply to

HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE.
HONGKONG OFFICE,
QUEEN'S BUILDINGS, NO. 1.

13

IMPERIAL GERMAN MAIL LINE.

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN.

STEAM FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, NAPLES, GENOA, ANTWERP, BREMEN/HAMBURG, PORTS IN THE LEVANT, BLACK SEA AND BALTIC PORTS: ALSO LONDON, NEW YORK, BOSTON, BALTIMORE, NEW ORLEANS, GALVESTON, AND SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS.

STEAMERS WILL CALL AT GIBRALTAR AND SOUTHAMPTON TO LAND PASSENGERS AND LUGGAGE.

N.B.—CARGO CAN BE TAKEN ON THROUGH BILLS OF LADING FOR THE PRINCIPAL PLACES.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG—SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.
STEAMERS SAILING DATES.

HAMBURG	WEDNESDAY	13th April
PRINZ HEINRICH	WEDNESDAY	27th April
BYAEN	WEDNESDAY	28th May
OLDENBURG		
SACHSEN	WEDNESDAY	8th June
ZIETEN	WEDNESDAY	22nd June
SEYDLITZ	WEDNESDAY	6th July
ROON	WEDNESDAY	20th July
PREUSSEN	WEDNESDAY	3rd August
PRINZ REGENT LUITPOLD	WEDNESDAY	17th August
PRINZ HEINRICH	WEDNESDAY	31st August
GNEISENAU	WEDNESDAY	14th September
BAYERN	WEDNESDAY	28th September
SACHSEN	WEDNESDAY	12th October
ZIETEN	WEDNESDAY	26th October
PRINZESS ALICE	WEDNESDAY	9th November
PRINZ REGENT LUITPOLD	WEDNESDAY	23rd November
PREUSSEN	WEDNESDAY	7th December
PRINZ EITEL FRIEDRICH	WEDNESDAY	21st December
PRINZ HEINRICH	WEDNESDAY	4th January 1905

Steamers of the Hamburg-American Line.

ON WEDNESDAY, the 13th day of APRIL, 1904, at NOON, the Steamship "HAMBURG," of the HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE, Captain Barmeister, with MAIL, PASSENGERS, SPECIE and CARGO, will leave this Port as above, CALLING AT NAPLES and GENOA.

Shipping Orders will be granted till NOON on MONDAY, the 11th April. CARGO and SPECIE will be received on Board until 5 P.M., on TUESDAY, the 12th April.

Contents of Packages are required. No Parcel Receipts will be signed for less than \$2.50 and Parcels should not exceed Two Feet Cubic in Measurement.

The Steamer has splendid accommodation, and carries a Doctor and Stewardesses. Linen can be washed on board.

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.

For further particulars, apply to

MELCHERS & CO., AGENTS.

Hongkong, 30th March, 1904.

[5]

NORTHERN PACIFIC LINE.

NORTHERN PACIFIC CO. BOSTON S. CO. BOSTON TOWBOAT CO.

CONNECTING AT TACOMA WITH

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG FOR

VICTORIA B.C. AND TACOMA.

VIA SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE AND YOKOHAMA.

Steamer.	Tons.	Captain.	Sailing Date.
LYRA	4,417	G. V. Williams	Wednesday, May 4th
SHAWMUT	9,806	W. M. Smith	Saturday, May 21st

* Not carrying second class passengers. + Cargo only.

FOR MANILA.

The largest, steadiest, and most comfortable steamers for Manila.

S.S. SHAWMUT..... 9,606 tons | W. M. Smith..... About 30th April,

CHEAP FARES, EXCELLENT ACCOMMODATION, ATTENDANCE AND CUISINE. ELECTRIC LIGHT, DOCTOR AND STEWARDESS.

The twin-screw ss. "SHAWMUT" and "TREMONY" have just been fitted with very Superior Accommodation for First and Second Class Passengers. The large size of these vessels ensures steadiness at sea. Electric fan in each room. Barber's shop and steam laundry. Cargo carried in cold storage.

PARCEL EXPRESS TO THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA.

For further information apply to

DODWELL & CO., LIMITED,

GENERAL AGENTS.

Queen's BUILDINGS.

Hongkong, 20th March, 1904.

[7]

VESSELS ADVERTISED AS LOADING.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

DESTINATION	VESSEL'S NAMES	FLAG	CAPTAIN	FOR FREIGHT APPLY TO	TO BE DESPATCHED
LONDON & ANTWERP, VIA SINGAPORE, &c.	MALACCA	Brit. str.	A. F. Street	P. & O. S. N. CO.	To-day, at Noon.
LONDON, &c., VIA PORTS OF CALL	BENGAL	Brit. str.	G. Phillips	P. & O. S. N. CO.	23rd inst., at Noon.
LONDON & ANTWERP	TELEMACHUS	Brit. str.		BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE	26th inst.
LONDON & ANTWERP	ANTENOR	Brit. str.		BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE	10th May.
MARSELLES, &c., VIA PORTS OF CALL	Negra	Freight str.		MESSENGERIES MARITIMES	19th inst., at 1 P.M.
BREMEN VIA PORTS OF CALL	Burmeister			MELCHERS & CO.	To-day, at Noon.
HAMBURG	HAMBURG	Ger. str.	Schulke		14th inst.
HAVRE & HAMBURG	Dobrza	Ger. str.		HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE	To-night.
HAVRE & HAMBURG	ADMIRALIA	Ger. str.	Grommeyer	HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE	8th May.
HAVRE & HAMBURG	Stern	Ger. str.		HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE	17th May.
HAVRE & HAMBURG	Madsen	Ger. str.		HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE	31st May.
HAVRE & HAMBURG	Fock	Ger. str.		HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE	14th June.
HAVRE & HAMBURG	Mezzetti	Aust. str.		HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE	20th inst.
HAVRE & HAMBURG	DOUDWELL & CO. LTD.	Ger. str.		HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE	20th May.
HAVRE & HAMBURG	DOUDWELL & CO. LTD.	Ger. str.		HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE	21st May.
HAVRE & HAMBURG	DOUDWELL & CO. LTD.	Ger. str.		HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE	22nd May.
HAVRE & HAMBURG	DOUDWELL & CO. LTD.	Ger. str.		HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE	23rd May.
HAVRE & HAMBURG	DOUDWELL & CO. LTD.	Ger. str.		HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE	24th May.
HAVRE & HAMBURG	DOUDWELL & CO. LTD.	Ger. str.		HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE	25th May.
HAVRE & HAMBURG	DOUDWELL & CO. LTD.	Ger. str.		HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE	26th May.
HAVRE & HAMBURG	DOUDWELL & CO. LTD.	Ger. str.		HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE	27th May.
HAVRE & HAMBURG	DOUDWELL & CO. LTD.	Ger. str.		HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE	28th May.
HAVRE & HAMBURG	DOUDWELL & CO. LTD.	Ger. str.		HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE	29th May.
HAVRE & HAMBURG	DOUDWELL & CO. LTD.	Ger. str.		HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE	30th May.
HAVRE & HAMBURG	DOUDWELL & CO. LTD.	Ger. str.		HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE	31st May.
HAVRE & HAMBURG	DOUDWELL & CO. LTD.	Ger. str.		HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE	1st June.
HAVRE & HAMBURG	DOUDWELL & CO. LTD.	Ger. str.		HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE	2nd June.
HAVRE & HAMBURG	DOUDWELL & CO. LTD.	Ger. str.		HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE	3rd June.
HAVRE & HAMBURG	DOUDWELL & CO. LTD.	Ger. str.		HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE	4th June.
HAVRE & HAMBURG	DOUDWELL & CO. LTD.	Ger. str.		HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE	5th June.
HAVRE & HAMBURG	DOUDWELL & CO. LTD.	Ger. str.		HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE	6th June.
HAVRE & HAMBURG	DOUDWELL & CO. LTD.	Ger. str.		HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE	7th June.
HAVRE & HAMBURG	DOUDWELL & CO. LTD.	Ger. str.		HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE	8th June.
HAVRE & HAMBURG	DOUDWELL & CO. LTD.	Ger. str.		HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE	9th June.
HAVRE &					

POST OFFICE NOTICES.

Until further notice the transmission of correspondence via Dalny and the Trans-Siberian Railway is discontinued.
The *Polytechnic*, with the French mail of 18th ult., left Singapore on Monday, the 11th inst., at 4 p.m., and may be expected here on Monday, the 18th inst. This packet brings replies to letters despatched from Hongkong on 13th February.
The *Siberia*, with the American mail, left Yokohama on Monday, the 11th inst., and may be expected here on or about the 19th inst.

MAILS WILL CLOSE

FOR	PER	DATE
Canton		Wednesday, 13th, 7.30 A.M.
Singapore, Penang, and Colombo		Wednesday, 13th, 10.00 A.M.
Saigon		Wednesday, 13th, 9.00 A.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow		Wednesday, 13th, 9.00 A.M.
Quing Chow, Hoioh, Pakhoi & Haiphong		Wednesday, 13th, 9.00 A.M.
Singapore, Penang and Bombay		Wednesday, 13th, 10.00 A.M.
Europe, &c., India via Tucicorin		Wednesday, 13th, 10.00 A.M. Extra Postage 10 cents.
(Letters posted in the Peak Pillar Boxes in time for the first clearance will be included in this contract mail)		
Hamburg		Wednesday, 13th, Printed Matter and Samples..... 10.00 A.M. Registration..... 10.00 A.M. (Registration, with late fee of 10 cents, up to 10.45 A.M.) Letters..... 11.00 A.M.
Haungshan		Wednesday, 13th, 1.15 P.M.
Matsumura		Wednesday, 13th, 2.00 P.M.
Kamtsing		Wednesday, 13th, 3.00 P.M.
Reh		Wednesday, 13th, 4.00 P.M.
Dagmar		Wednesday, 13th, 5.00 P.M.
Briggratz		Wednesday, 13th, 5.00 P.M.
Tas Uren		Wednesday, 13th, 5.00 P.M.
Hoi Pu		Wednesday, 13th, 5.00 P.M.
Wingchau		Wednesday, 13th, 5.00 P.M.
Kinshau		Wednesday, 13th, 5.00 P.M.
Fowau		Thursday, 14th, 7.30 A.M.
Hongkong		Thursday, 14th, 9.00 A.M.
Nicomedia		Thursday, 14th, 11.00 A.M.
Goodwin		Thursday, 14th, 3.00 P.M.
Anhui		Thursday, 14th, 3.00 P.M.
Petshan		Thursday, 14th, 5.00 P.M.
Kinshau		Friday, 15th, 7.30 A.M.
Sungkian		Friday, 15th, 11.00 A.M.
Wesung		Friday, 15th, 3.00 P.M.
Hankow		Friday, 15th, 5.00 P.M.
Fatshan		Saturday, 16th, 7.30 A.M.
Edendale		Saturday, 16th, 9.00 A.M.
Rubi		Saturday, 16th, 9.00 A.M.
Doric		Printed Matter and Samples..... 10.00 A.M. Registration..... 10.00 A.M. (Registration, with late fee of 10 cents, up to 10.45 A.M.) Letters..... 11.00 A.M.

TO-DAY.

Leavitt's Troubadour, City Hall, 9 p.m.
Sale, Household Furniture, Sales Rooms, Messrs. Hughes & Hough, 11 a.m.

TO-MORROW.

Sale, Coal, Marine Lot No. 50, Mong-kok-tsui, Messrs. Hughes & Hough, 3 p.m.
Ball, City Hall, 9 p.m.

COMMERCIAL.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

12th April.

ON LONDON.—	Telegraphic Transfer..... 1/84
Bank Bills, on demand..... 1/81	
Bank Bills, at 30 days' sight..... 1/81	
Bank Bills, at 4 months' sight..... 1/81	
Credits, at 4 months' sight..... 1/91	
Documentary Bills, 4 months' sight/1/91	
ON PARIS.—	
Bank Bills, on demand..... 216	
Credits, at 4 months' sight..... 220	
ON GERMANY.—	
On demand..... 176	
ON NEW YORK.—	
Bank Bills, on demand..... 42	
Credits, 60 days' sight..... 42	
ON BOMBAY.—	
Telegraphic Transfer..... 1284	
Bank, on demand..... 1284	
ON CALCUTTA.—	
Telegraphic Transfer..... 1284	
Bank, on demand..... 1284	
ON SHANGHAI.—	
Bank, at sight..... 73	
Private, 30 days' sight..... 73	
ON YOKOHAMA.—On demand..... 85	
ON MANILA.—On demand..... Nominal.	
ON SINGAPORE.—On demand..... Nominal.	
ON BATAVIA.—On demand..... 1034	
ON HAIFONG.—On demand..... 14 p.m.	
ON SAIGON.—On demand..... 1 p.c.p.m.	
ON BANGKOK.—On demand..... 63	
SOVEREIGN, Bank's Buying Rate..... \$1.50	
GOLD LEAD, 100 fine, per ton..... 60.40	
BAR SILVER, 100 oz..... 24	
OPUMI..... 11th April.	
Quotations are— Allow one cent to 1 catty.	
Malwa New..... \$1000 to \$1049 per picul.	
Malwa Old..... \$1060 to \$1107 "	
Malwa Old..... \$1120 to \$1160 "	
Malwa V. Old..... \$1180 to \$1220 "	
Persian fine quality..... \$890 to —	
Persian extra fine..... \$900 to —	
Patan New..... \$1355 to — per chee.	
Patan Old..... to —	
Banara New..... \$1345 to —	
Banara Old..... to —	

VESSELS EXPECTED.

THE INDIAN MAIL.

The Indo-Chine steamer *Laisong*, from Calcutta and the Straits, left Singapore for this port on the 11th inst., at 5 p.m.

THE FRENCH MAIL.

The M.M. steamer *Polytechnic* left Singapore for this port on the 11th inst., at 4 p.m., via Saigon.

THE AMERICAN MAIL.

The P.M. steamer *Siberia*, from San Francisco to the 23rd ult., via Honolulu, left Yokohama for this port via Inland Sea, &c., on the 11th inst., due here about the 19th inst.

CHINESE STEAMERS.

The steamer *Sutewna* left Singapore for this port via Manila on the 2nd inst.

The C.N. steamer *Tsain*, from Australia, left Manila on the 11th inst., at 6 p.m., and is expected here on the 14th inst.

The P. & A. steamer *Indore* left Yokohama on the 1st inst., and is due here on the 14th inst.

The N.Y.K. chartered steamer *Reisen*, from London, &c., left Singapore for this port on the 8th inst., at 1 p.m., and is expected here on the 18th inst., at 5 p.m. This steamer brings cargo originally intended for *Sado Maru*.

The C.C. steamer *Clevering* arrived at Kots on the 5th inst., and is due here on the 16th inst.

The I. & O. steamer *Manila* left Singapore for this port on the 12th inst., at 6 a.m.

The F. & A. steamer *Empire*, from Sydney, &c., left Port Darwin on the 12th inst., for this port via Timor and Manila.

The C.S.S. & C.M. steamer *Pinguay* left Victoria (B.C.) on the 24th ult. for Japan and Hongkong.

The C.P.R. steamer *Tartar* left Vancouver for Hongkong via the usual ports of call on the 31st ult.

The Boston Steamship Co.'s steamer *Shawmut* left Victoria for Yokohama and the usual ports on the 1st inst.

The O.S.S. & C.M. steamer *Agamemnon* should leave Victoria (B.C.) for Japan and Hongkong on the 21st inst.

STEAMERS PASSED THE CANAL.

Mar. 1st—*Cairnhill*, Pitme, 8th—*Jersey*, 9th, 11th—*Louis Trude*, Marquis Bacquelet,

Milkmaid BRAND Milk Guaranteed Full Cream. Largest Sale in the World.



See this TRADE MARK on every Tin.

HONGKONG, CANTON, MACAO & WEST RIVER STEAMERS.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.

"C. LTD., AND THE CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.

S.S. "HONAM," 2,363 tons, Captain R. D. Thomas.

S.S. "POWAN," 2,338 tons, Captain G. F. Morrison, R.N.R.

S.S. "FATSHAN," 2,260 tons, Captain W. A. Valentine.

S.S. "HANKOW," 2,073 tons, Captain G. V. Lloyd.

S.S. "KINSHAN," 2,860 tons, Captain J. J. Lossius.

Departures from Hongkong to Canton daily at 8 a.m. (Sunday excepted), 5.30 p.m., and 9 p.m. (Saturday excepted).

Departures from Canton to Hongkong daily at 8 a.m. (Sunday excepted), 2.30 p.m. and 5.30 p.m. (Sunday excepted).

These Steamers, carrying His Majesty's Mails, are the largest and fastest on the River.

Special attention is drawn to their Superior Saloon and Cabin Accommodation.

SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.

HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.

S.S. "HEUNGSHAN," 1,098 tons, Captain H. D. Jones.

Departures from Hongkong to Macao on week days at about 2 p.m. During the summer months

the time of leaving fluctuates to suit the tide at Macao. For further particulars see special time table. Departures on Sundays at 12.30 p.m.

Departures from Macao to Hongkong daily at 7.30 a.m.

CANTON-MACAO LINE.

S.S. "LUNGSHAN," 219 tons, Captain T. Hamlin.

This Steamer leaves Canton for Macao every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at about 7.30 a.m. and leaves Macao for Canton every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at about 7.30 a.m.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD., THE CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD., AND THE INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

CANTON-WUCHOW LINE.

S.S. "SAINAM," 588 tons, Captain B. Branch.

S.S. "NANNING," 569 tons, Captain C. Batchart.

One of the above Steamers leaves Canton for Wuchow every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at about 8 a.m., and the other leaves Wuchow for Canton on the same days at about 8 a.m. Round trips take about 5 days. These vessels have Superior Cabin Accommodation and are lighted throughout by electricity.

Further particulars may be obtained at the Office of the—

HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.

18, Bank Buildings, Queen's Road Central (opposite the Hongkong Hotel);

Or of BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents, CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

26 PEERLESS SCOTS WHISKIES

OF HAIG & HAIG, LTD., DISTILLERS SINCE 1679.

3 Star, SPECIAL—The finest of all "Peg" WHISKIES at ... \$13.00

5 Star, LIQUEUR—Exquisite, best in the World for Club or Private use at ... \$22.00

Stop drinking rank, Smoky Stuff, because "it comes through the SODA."

Try HAIG & HAIG'S WHISKIES; pure, mellow, matured, non-smoky, delicate flavor.

Once tried, preferred to all others. Sole Agents for Hongkong:

F. BLACKHEAD & CO.

3249 TO LET.

THE DAILY PRESS OF HONGKONG ON THE UP-TO-DATE SHORTHAND.

IN view of the correspondence which has arisen over the merits of various systems of shorthand writing, it is not without interest to see in what sort of headquarters the exponents of the "Up-to-date" system are quartered in Hongkong. A visit to Mr. Warwick Peleg's Studio in Queen's Road Central will repay the trouble. The premises are large and airy, the more-or-less noisy type-writing and the shorthand studies being well apart. Tables are covered with green baize cloth, not at all trying to the eyes. Mr. Peleg has invented clever, though rather curious-looking double chairs, especially adapted for use when imparting shorthand instruction. At present he is training a staff of teachers, three of whom are ladies. When these are thoroughly versed in the respective branches of teaching for which they are intended, Mr. Peleg says that he will open branches at Canton, Shanghai, and Yokohama. At present his teachers have only been trained for a fortnight, whilst six weeks altogether will be necessary. One, a lady after 9 days' study, accomplished 40 words a minute, after 11 days, 60 words; after 21 days, 80 words; and she is now in the 120 words a minute speed lesson. It is claimed that "Up-to-date" shorthand is easy to transcribe. There are 10 lines, arbitrary signs, grammatical, or obtuse angle, nor any halving principle. The full course consists of 21 lessons. Type-writing is taught by the blind touch system, new machines of the best make being supplied for practice. Other subjects include book-keeping, arithmetic, languages, memory-training, and business deportment.

From the HONGKONG DAILY PRESS.

Notice.—On and after the 1st of May next, the fees for the "Up-to-date" shorthand will be considerably increased, \$5.00 to completion is not enough; one can learn Pitman under years of study, and consequently at much greater expense. The very few perfect Pitmanists in Hongkong could tell a sad tale of midnight oil, and cost of book after book,

Not so with the "Up-to-date" shorthand, no book to buy.

Business Training College, Near G.P.O., Hongkong, 13th April, 1904. 159-661

THE EYEIE (PEAK).